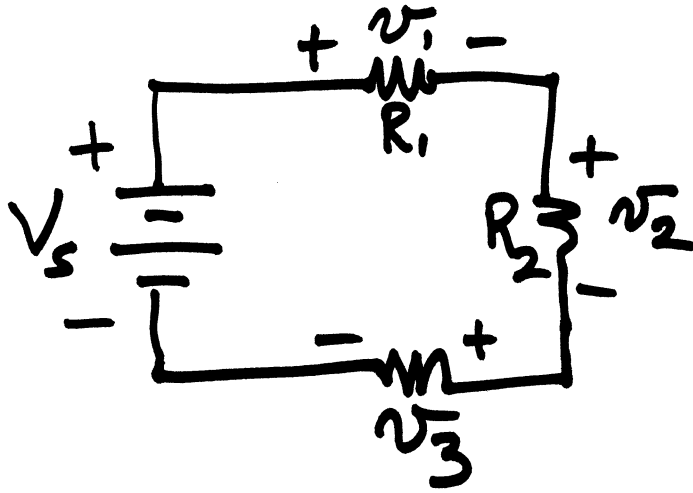


# VOLTAGE DIVIDER (series circuit)

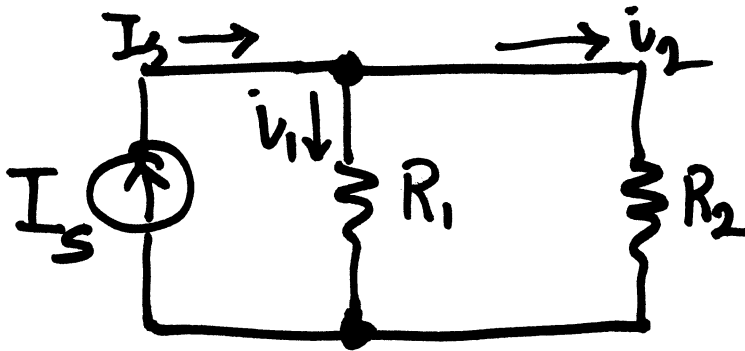


$$V_2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} V_s$$

$$V_1 = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} V_s$$

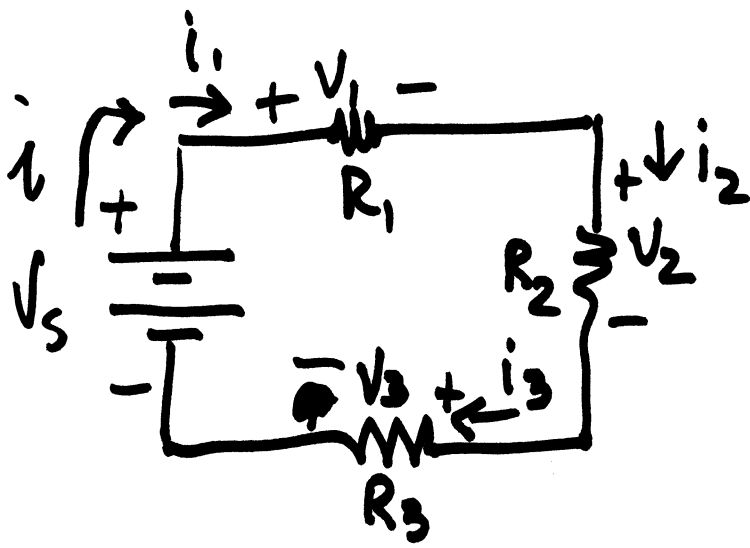
$$V_3 = \frac{R_3}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} V_s$$

# CURRENT DIVIDER (parallel circuit)



$$i_2 = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} I_s$$

$$i_1 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} I_s$$



$$V_2 = iR_2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3} V_s$$

series:  $i = i_1 = i_2 = i_3$

KVL  $\sum v = 0$

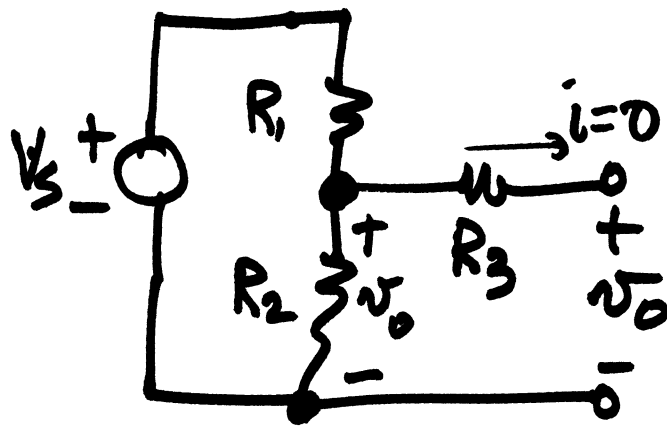
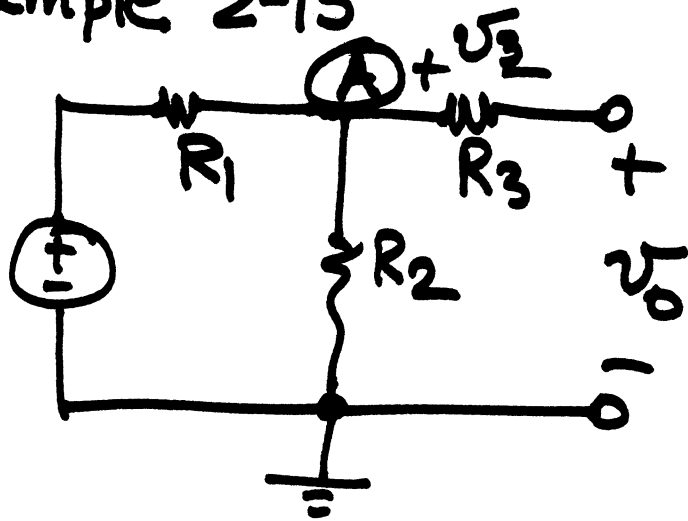
$$\text{Clockwise } -V_s + V_1 + V_2 + V_3 = 0$$

$$-V_s + iR_1 + iR_2 + iR_3 = 0$$

$$V_s = i(R_1 + R_2 + R_3)$$

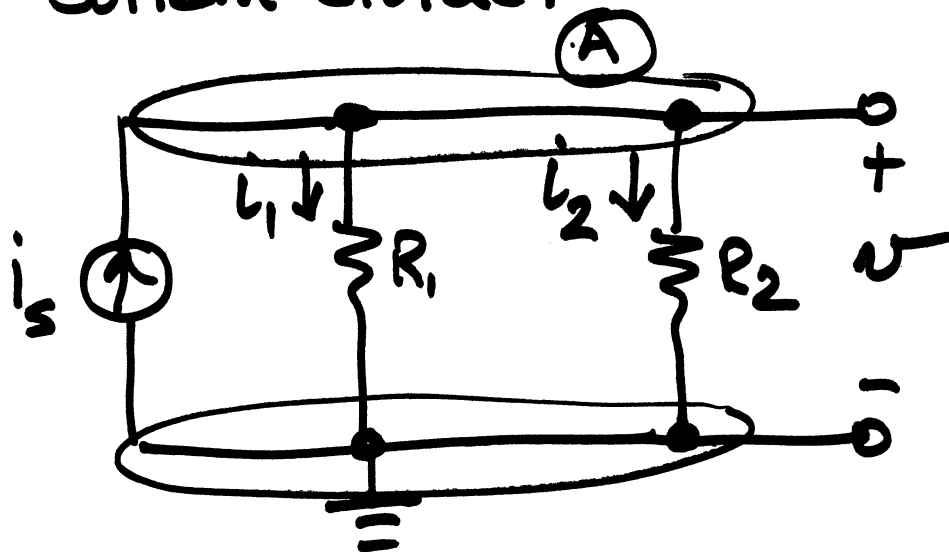
$$i = \frac{V_s}{R_1 + R_2 + R_3}$$

# Example 2-15



$$V_o = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_s$$

# current divider



$$v = i_2 R_2$$

$$v = i_1 R_1$$

KCL  $\sum i_{in} + i_s - i_1 - i_2 = 0$

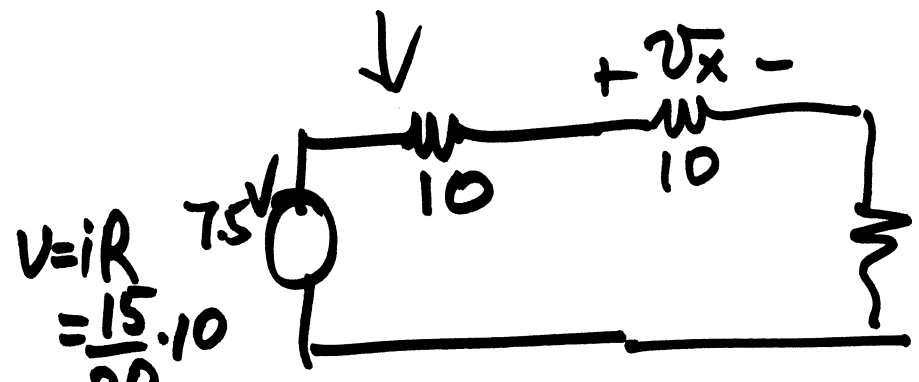
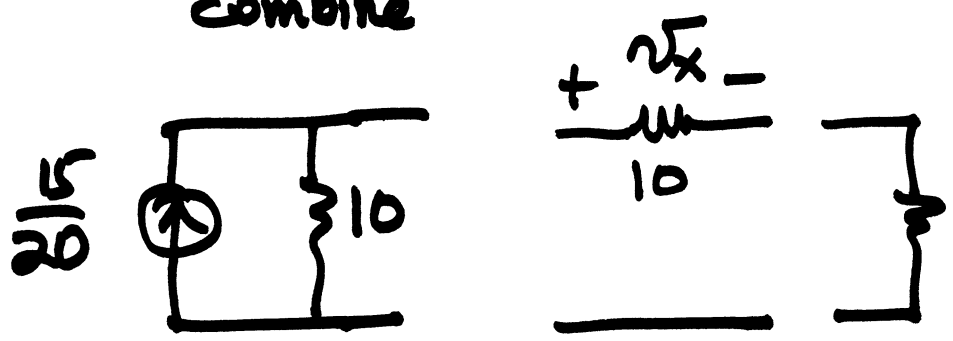
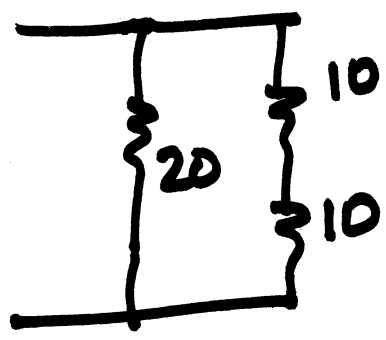
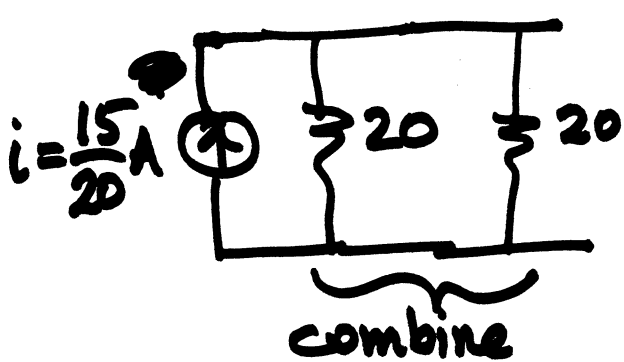
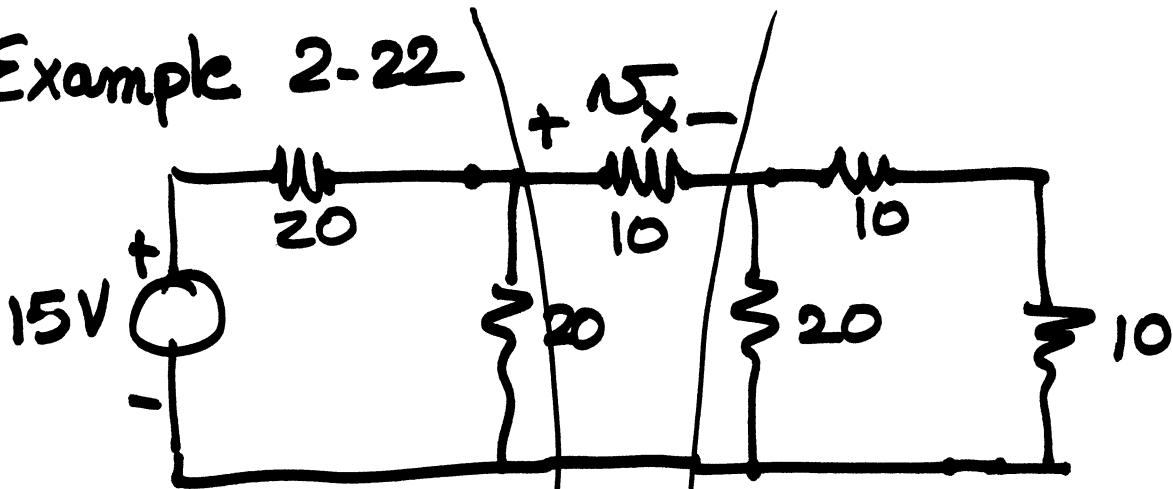
$$i_s - \frac{v}{R_1} - \frac{v}{R_2} = 0$$

$$i_s - \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}\right)v = 0$$

$$v = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} i_s$$

$$i_1 = \frac{v}{R_1} = \frac{1}{R_1} \left( \frac{R_1 R_2 i_s}{R_1 + R_2} \right) = \boxed{\frac{R_2 i_s}{R_1 + R_2}}$$

# Example 2-22



$$\begin{aligned}
 V &= iR \\
 &= \frac{15}{20} \cdot 10 \\
 V &= 7.5V
 \end{aligned}$$