

CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY  
Case School of Engineering  
Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

**ENGR 210. Introduction to Circuits and Instruments (4)**

**Homework Set No. 5**

References: [T&R4] sections 3-3, 3-4

Issued 2/9/05

Due 2/16/05

**LINEARITY - PROPORTIONALITY**

- 1) (5 pts) Problem 3-24, p. 132.

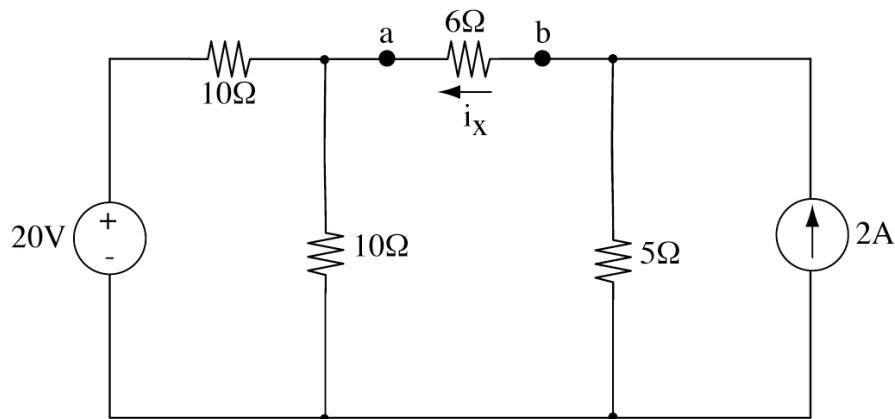
**LINEARITY - SUPERPOSITION**

- 2) (5 pts) Problem 3-29, p. 133.

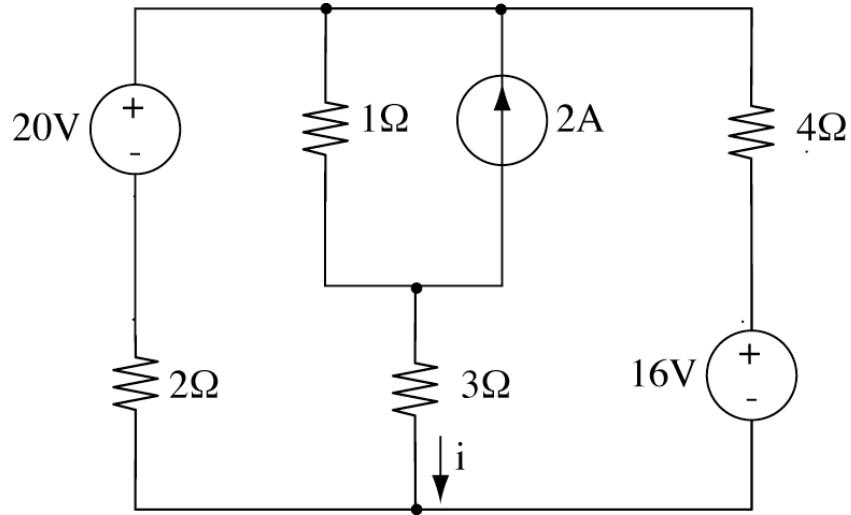
- 3) (5 pts) Problem 3-31, p. 133.

**THEVENIN & NORTON EQUIVALENT CIRCUITS**

- 4) Find the Thevenin equivalent looking into terminals a-b of the circuit given below and solve for  $i_x$ .



5) Use Norton's Theorem to find current I in the circuit given below.



6) A transducer is modeled as a current source  $I_s$  and a parallel resistance  $R_s$ . The current at the terminals of the source is measured to be 9.975 mA when an ammeter with an internal resistance of  $20\Omega$  is used.

- If adding a  $2k\Omega$  resistor across the source terminals causes the ammeter reading to fall to 9.876 mA, calculate  $I_s$  and  $R_s$ .
- What will be the ammeter reading if the resistance between the source terminals is changed to  $4k\Omega$

**NOTE:** Please put section code AND your CWRU e-mail next to name at top of page. Section codes are

- MA (Monday Afternoon)
- ME (Monday Evening)
- TA (Tuesday Afternoon)
- TE (Tuesday Evening)
- WA (Wednesday Afternoon)
- WE (Wednesday Evening)